"It's disappointing and it's pretty frustrating, because it feels like it's something that will never go away."

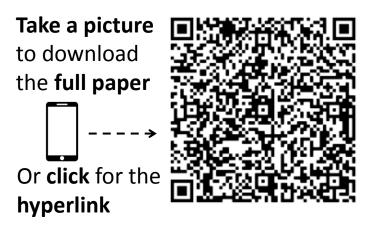


A qualitative study exploring individuals' beliefs and experiences of Achilles tendinopathy

Clinicians need to recognise and adopt treatment approaches that embrace a more biopsychosocial approach for the management of tendinopathy.

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Northern Health

Exploring the lived experience...



calf muscle

Background

Achilles tendinopathy is common and often persistent.

"I think it restricts me in a lot of things I would be able to do"

Purpose

Exploring the lived experiences, impacts and perceptions of individuals via semistructured telephone interviews to complete a qualitative study.

"I feel like I should know more, but I don't"

Methods

Semi-structured interviews were conducted on 15 participants (8 male and 7 female) with AT. Thematic analysis was performed and the study reported in accordance with the consolidated criteria for reporting qualitative research (COREQ) checklist. "I see myself better"

The Achilles tendon

Figure 1. Achilles tendon, 2015. Sourced:
http://www.opnews.com/2015/12/treatment-option

ankle joint

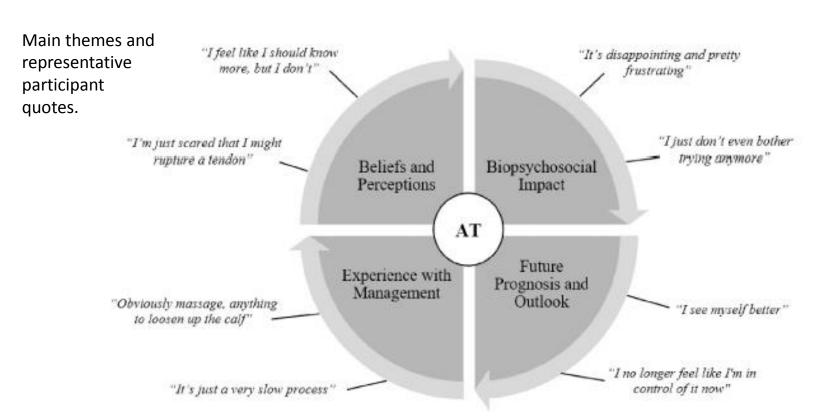
heel bone

Achilles tendon

Northern Health

Four main themes were identified from the data





Results from this study add to an emerging body of evidence highlighting the substantial fears, frustrations and impact on quality of life and daily functioning in individuals with tendinopathy.

These four main themes (beliefs and perceptions, biopsychosocial impact, experience with management and future prognosis and outlook) emphasize the need for clinicians to address psychosocial factors in Achilles tendinopathy.